

DYALOG

2021



QA for Statistical Distributions in Dyalog V18.2

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First, Some Context...

- The code I'll be running is in <https://github.com/RonM-Dyalog/DistributionsDemo.git>
- The Samples from R are provided by Kimmo Linna's GitHub Repository at <https://github.com/kimmolinna/rsconnect.git>

Dyalog is considering retiring the distributed "rconnect" workspace in favor of Kimmo's open-source community project for accessing R.

In the beginning we had ?

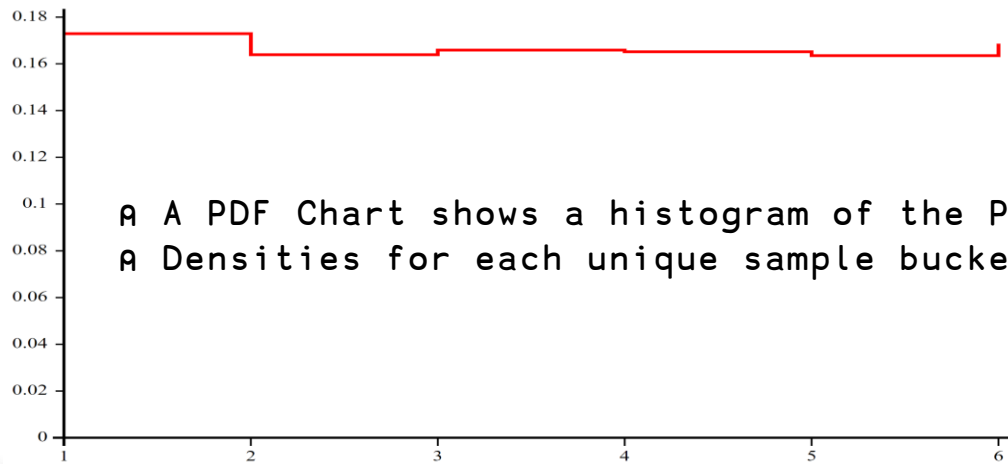
Monadic ? gave us uniform sampling with replacement:

?10p6

5 3 5 2 1 2 3 2 6 5

PDFStepChart ↓⌈⌊←(ι6),[1.5]+/(÷1E4)×(ι6)∘.=?1E4p6

1	0.1729
2	0.1639
3	0.1659
4	0.1652
5	0.1635
6	0.1686



A A PDF Chart shows a histogram of the Probability
A Densities for each unique sample bucket.

Version 14 Added ?0

- For floating point random numbers uniformly distributed between 0 and 1:

3 3p?9p0

0.7362027295	0.4042132435	0.08190525355
0.8256649279	0.3752891013	0.3504641678
0.5020267581	0.939049347	0.1225829509

Version 18 Added More Distributions

- ◆ (16808I) Provides 16 additional distributions:

Beta	Binomial	Cauchy	Chi Squared
Exponential	F	Gamma	Inverse Gamma
Laplace	Log Normal	Logistic	Normal
Poisson	Student T	Uniform	Weibull

Sampling from the new distributions follows a common pattern

```
samples←ControlParams (16808I) DistributionName ResultShape
```

To get 1000000 random numbers from the Normal distribution with a mean of 0 and standard deviation of 1, you'd execute:

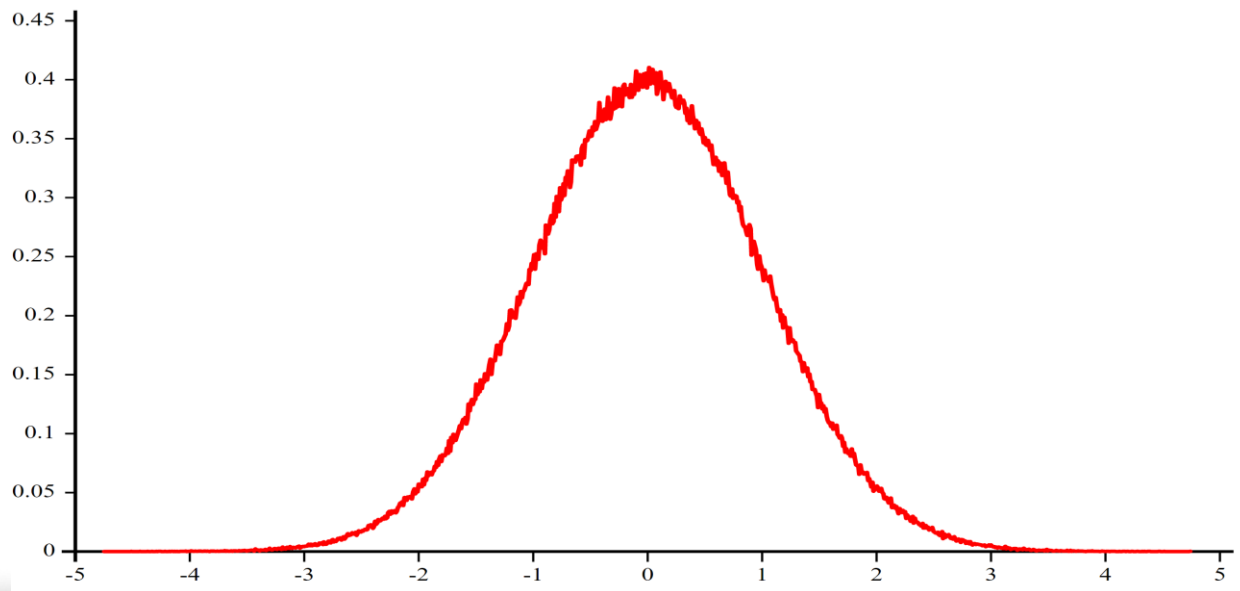
```
rv← 0 1 (16808I) 'Normal' 1E6
prv
1000000
{((+/÷≠)ω),(⌊/,⌈/ )ω} rv
0.0003315298649 -4.503307821 5.407314722
```



Here's the PDF for those Normal Samples

0 1 ShowActualPDF 'Normal'

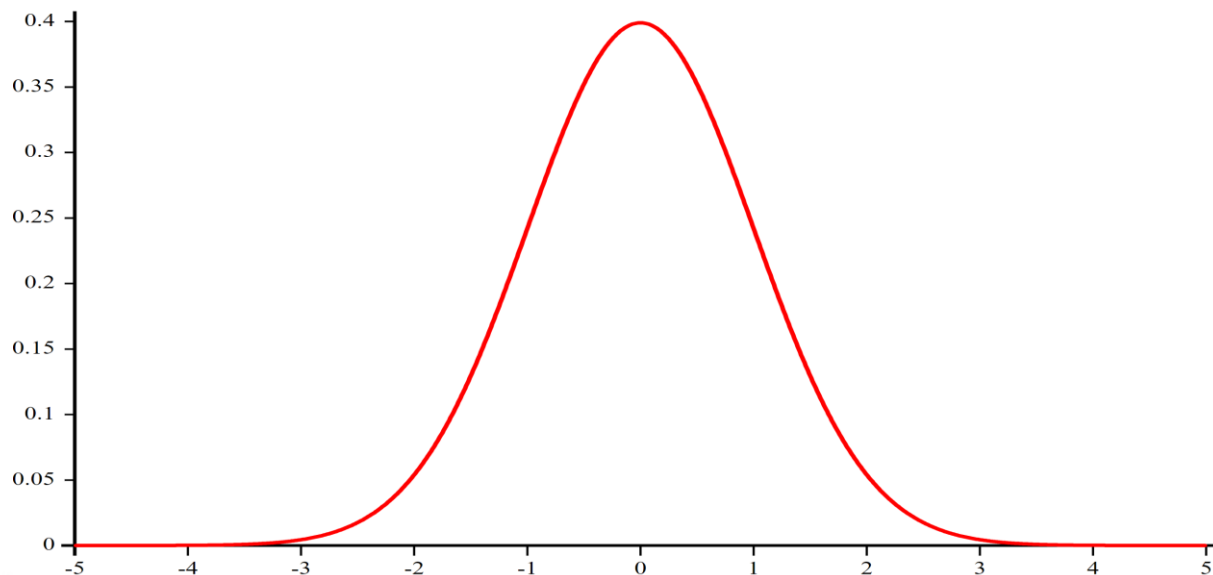
Actual PDF for 'Normal' with Controls: 0 1



With infinite samples we should see...

0 1 ShowIdealPDF 'Normal'

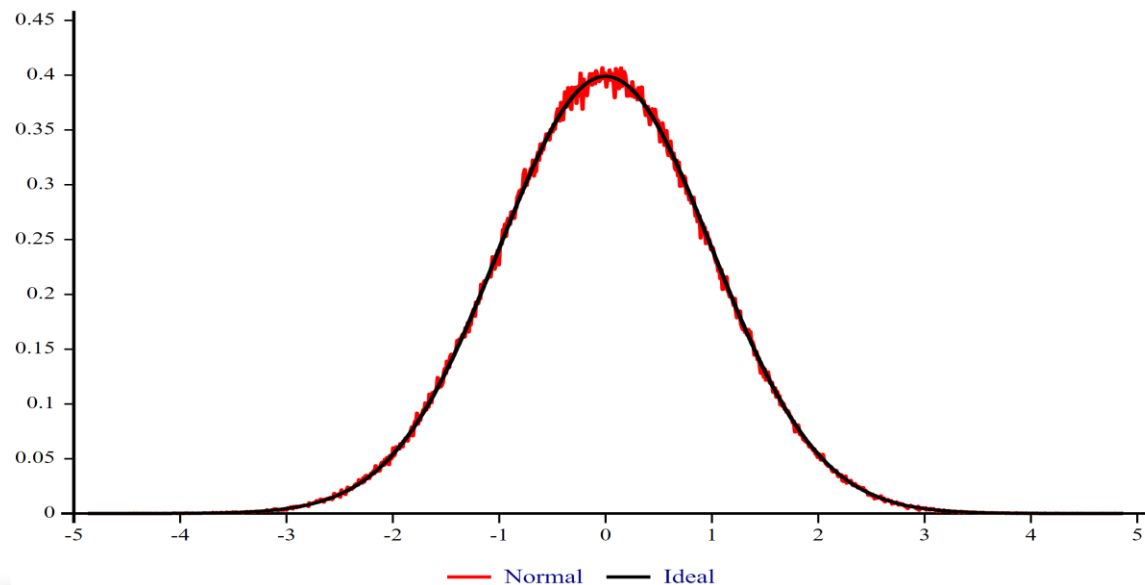
Ideal PDF for 'Normal' with Controls: 0 1



Are the two graphs “similar” enough?

0 1 ShowPDFs 'Normal'

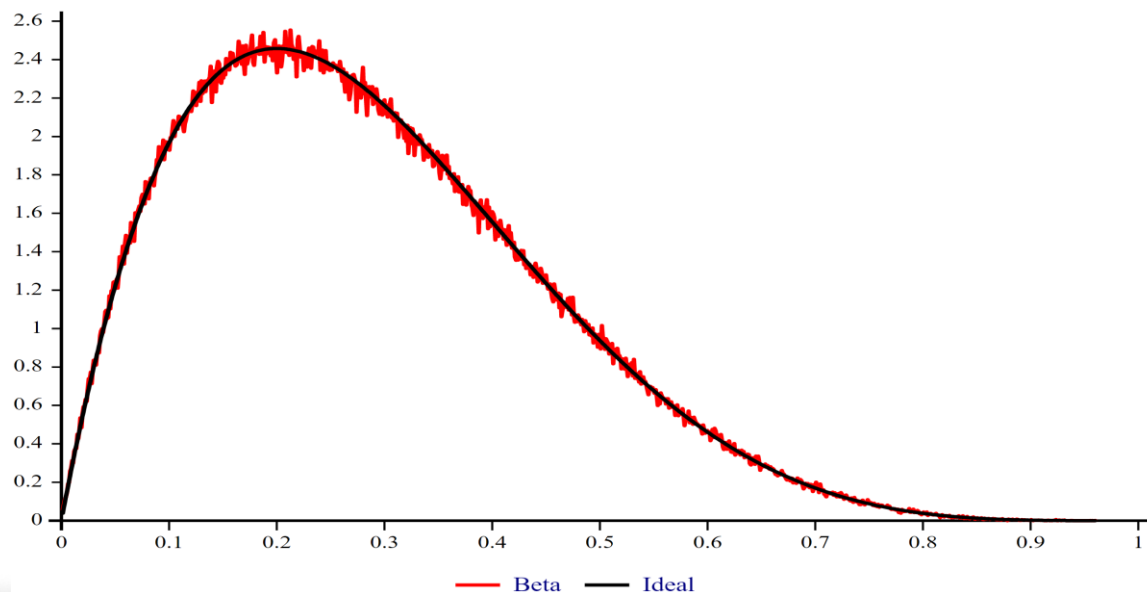
PDFs for Normal, Ideal with Controls: 0 1



How about Beta Distribution Samples?

2 5 ShowPDFs 'Beta'

PDFs for Beta, Ideal with Controls: 2 5



By Eyeball they look close...

- But we need a more exact numerical approach for algorithm quality control.
- Two Russian mathematicians found a good way to measure the difference between distributions.
 - [Andrey Kolmogorov](#)
 - [Nikolai Smirnov](#).

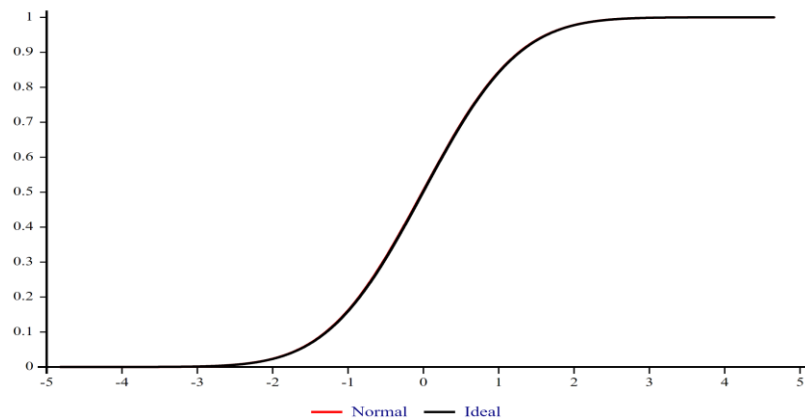
The Kolmogorov-Smirnov Statistic

Instead of looking at PDF graphs, they examine normalized cumulative distributions.

`NCD ← {cumm ←+ \ω ◇ cumm ÷ -1 ↑ cumm} A CDF from PDF!`

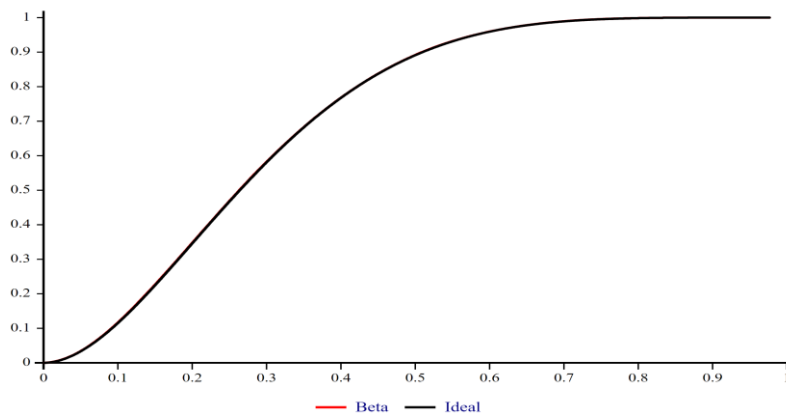
0 1 ShowCDFs 'Normal'

CDFs for Normal, Ideal with Controls: 0 1



2 5 ShowCDFs 'Beta'

CDFs for Beta, Ideal with Controls: 2 5



We can calculate a KS statistic by

```
NCD ← {cumm ← + \ ω  ⋄  cumm ÷ -1 ↑ cumm }
```

```
IdealCDF ← NCD  IdealPDF
```

```
ActualCDF ← NCD  ActualPDF
```

```
KS_Statistic ← [ / | ActualCDF - IdealCDF
```

For the two examples we saw

```
0 1 KS_Statistic 'Normal'  
0.002237780068
```

```
2 5 KS_Statistic 'Beta'  
0.001561492869
```

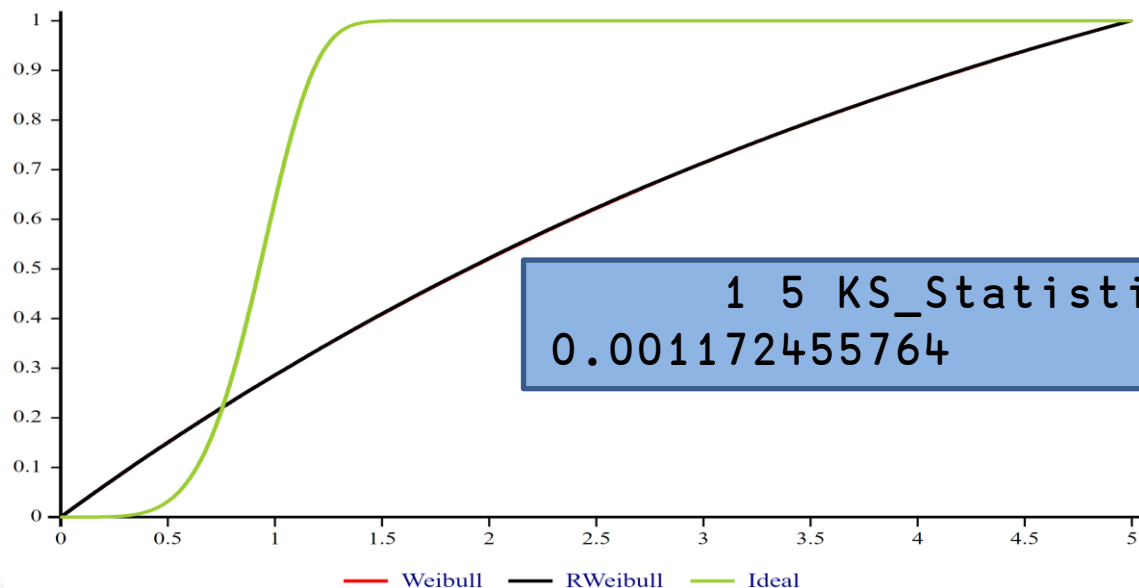
The KS Statistic is our QA Test!

- For all but one of our new distributions we have good KS agreement between actual and ideal results.
- The outlier is the Weibull distribution.
 - Our results are a close match for the Weibull results from R!
 - Perhaps our Ideal assumptions aren't correct.

Let's look at CDFs for Weibull, RWeibull, Ideal

```
1 5 ShowCDFs 'Weibull' 'RWeibull'
```

CDFs for Weibull, RWeibull, Ideal with Params: 1 5



Clearly our code for the PDF of the ideal Weibull distribution is not correct...

```

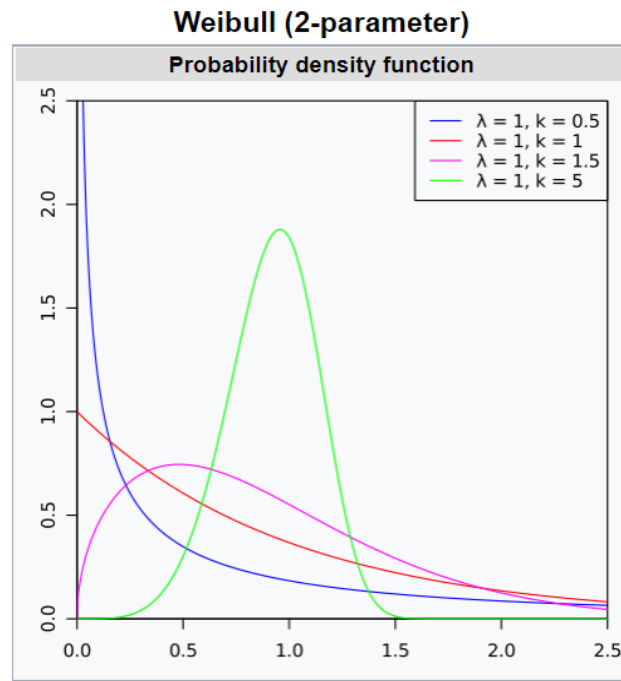
IdealPDF←{
(a b)←VerifyControlParameters α
(ω≥0)×(b÷a)×((b-1)*ω÷a)**-b*ω÷a
}

```

A Constructed from the Wikipedia Specification:

Parameters	$\lambda \in (0, +\infty)$ scale $k \in (0, +\infty)$ shape
Support	$x \in [0, +\infty)$
PDF	$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{k}{\lambda} \left(\frac{x}{\lambda}\right)^{k-1} e^{-(x/\lambda)^k} & x \geq 0 \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$

What is the correct specification?



One experiment looked promising

```

IdealPDF←{
(a b)←VerifyControlParameters ϕα
(ω≥0)×(b÷a)×((b-1)*~ω÷a)×*-b*~ω÷a
}

```

```

1 .5 KS_Statistic 'Weibull'
0.0007189751945

```

```

1 1 KS_Statistic 'Weibull'
0.006767136088

```

```

1 1.5 KS_Statistic 'Weibull'
0.03569322736

```

```

1 5 KS_Statistic 'Weibull'
0.3679324294

```

⌘ But the last two results were very problematic.

Our Weibull seems to match RWeibull!

```
1 .5 KS_Statistic 'Weibull' 'RWeibull'  
0.0006962655484
```

```
1 1 KS_Statistic 'Weibull' 'RWeibull'  
0.001506052
```

```
1 1.5 KS_Statistic 'Weibull' 'RWeibull'  
0.001436363446
```

```
1 5 KS_Statistic 'Weibull' 'RWeibull'  
0.001172455764
```

A So if our Weibull distribution has a bug,
A Then so does R's Weibull distribution!

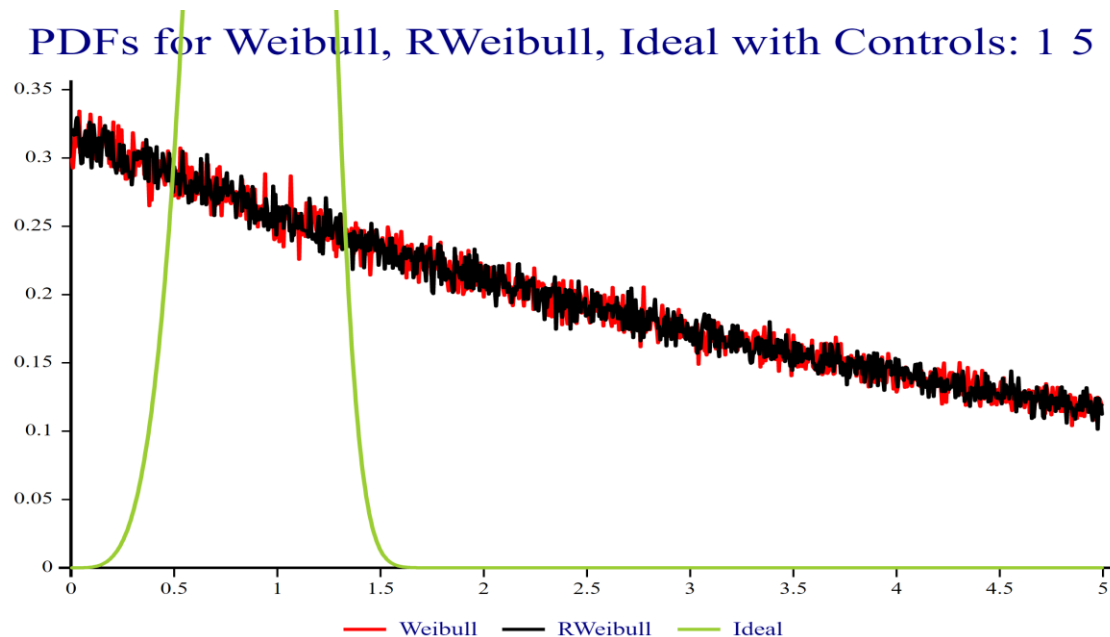
Start of unused slides

- The remaining slide(s) were not used for the presentation.

Let's look at the PDFs for Weibull, Rweibull, and Ideal

```
1 5 ShowPDFs 'Weibull' 'RWeibull'
```

PDFs for Weibull, RWeibull, Ideal with Controls: 1 5



In the beginning we had ?

Dyadic ? which gave Sampling us without Replacement:

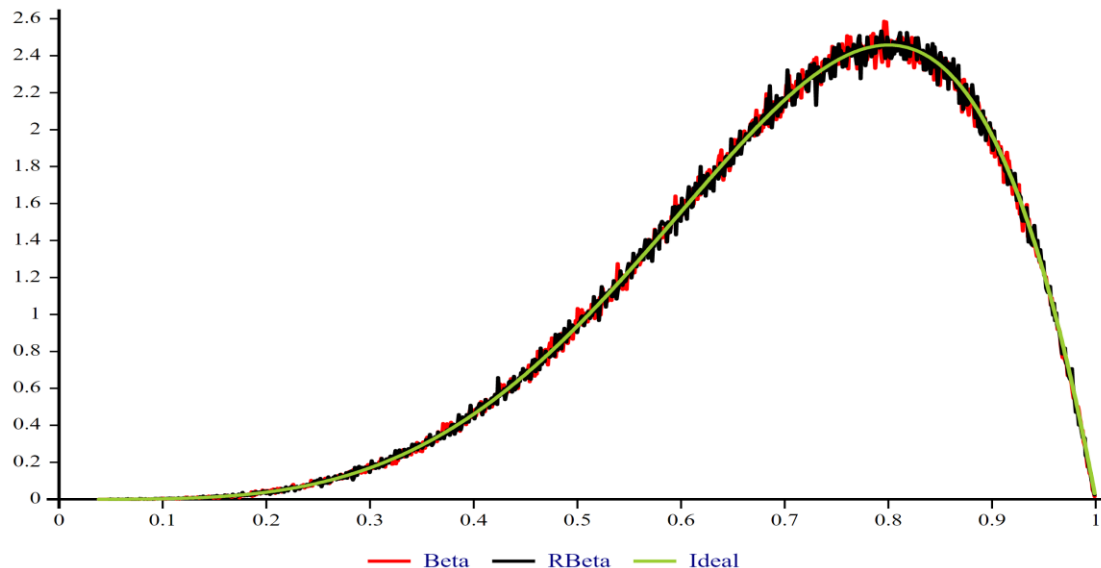
```
Suite←⊖UCS (16⊥2 6 5 15)+⊥4
Rank←(⊆''A23456789JQK'),⊆'10'
2 2p⊆[2]4 5p(,Suites∘.,Rank)[52?52]
```

♣8	♥J	♠5	♦K	♥K	♦2	♠10	♣2	♠3	♦3
♦4	♥5	♣10	♣J	♥3	♦10	♠8	♦5	♣6	♥2

Here are PDFs for Beta, RBeta, and Ideal

```
5 2 ShowPDFs 'Beta' 'RBeta'
```

PDFs for Beta, RBeta, Ideal with Controls: 5 2



Here are CDFs for Beta, RBeta, and Ideal

5 2 ShowCDFs 'Beta' 'RBeta'

CDFs for Beta, RBeta, Ideal with Params: 5 2

