

Language Features of version 18.0 in Depth

Adám Brudzewsky



Part 2

New

<code>□C</code>	Case convert
<code>föög</code>	Over
<code>fög</code>	Atop
<code>≠Y</code>	Unique mask
<code>A~</code>	Constant
<code>□DT</code>	Date-time
<code>1200I</code>	Format date-time

Improved

`□JSON□` 'HighRank'
`□JSON□` 'Dialect'
`□R/□S□` 'Regex'
`□INPUT□` 'NEOL'
lY
X<Y
↑[k]Y

New

C	Case convert
fög	Over
fög	Atop
≠Y	Unique mask
A~	Constant
DT	Date-time
1200±	Format date-time

Improved

JSON: 'HighRank'
JSON: 'Dialect'
R/S: 'Regex'
INPUT: 'NEOL'
Y
X<Y
↑[k]Y

New

<code>□C</code>	Case convert
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<code>≠Y</code>	Unique mask
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<code>□DT</code>	Date-time
<code>1200±</code>	Format date-time

Improved

<code>□JSON: 'HighRank '</code>
<code>□JSON: 'Dialect '</code>
<code>□R7□S□ 'Regex '</code>
<code>□INPUT: 'NEOL '</code>
<code>⌊Y</code>
<code>X<Y</code>
<code>↑[k]Y</code>

dyalog.tv/webinar

New

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<code>□JSON: 'HighRank'</code>
<code>□JSON: 'Dialect'</code>
<code>□R/□S: 'Regex'</code>
<code>□NPUT: 'NEOL'</code>
<code><u>ι</u>Y</code>
<code>X<Y</code>
<code>↑[k]Y</code>

Constant

makes $\{0\}$ and $\{0\}^{\cdot\cdot}$ obsolete

A $\approx$

Why?

Lightweight notation

Proper visual order in trains

Avoid ugly work-arounds

Lightweight notation

'Hi' (1 2 3☺) 'Earth'

1 2 3

(1 2 3☺) 'Hello'

1 2 3

□SE☺ 'World'

□SE

Lightweight notation

f g h
train

Train

$\{A\} \times h$

At

$\{A\} @ h$

Lightweight notation

Train

$\{A\} \times h$

$A \times h$

At

$\{A\} @ h$

$A @ h$

Lightweight notation

Train $\{A\} \times h$

$A \times h$

At $\{A\} @ h$

$A @ h$

Constant $\{A\}$

Lightweight notation

Train $\{A\} \times h$

$A \times h$

At $\{A\} @ h$

$A @ h$

Constant $\{A\} \ddot{\sim}$

Lightweight notation

Train $\{A\} \times h$

$A \times h$

At $\{A\} @ h$

$A @ h$

Constant $\{A\} \ddot{}$

$A \ddot{}$

Lightweight notation

Train

~~$\{A\} \times h$~~

$A \times h$

At

~~$\{A\} @ h$~~

$A @ h$

Constant

~~$\{A\} \ddot{\sim}$~~

$A \ddot{\sim}$

Lightweight notation

42 ☺ 'Life' 'Universe' 'Everything'

42 42 42

Lightweight notation

```

      42~...'Life' 'Universe' 'Everything'
42  42  42
      (?9)~'1 2°.x1 2 3 4
7  7  7  7
7  7  7  7

```


42 'Life' 'Universe' 'Everything'

42 42 42

(?9) 1 2 . x 1 2 3 4

7 7 7 7

7 7 7 7

('R' 1) 2 3 4 24

RRR

RRR

Proper visual order in trains

normal code $(\alpha + \omega) * 3$

Proper visual order in trains

normal code $(\alpha + \omega) * 3$

invalid train $+ * 3$

Proper visual order in trains

normal code $(\alpha + \omega) * 3$

invalid train $+ * 3$

workaround $3 * \ddot{+}$

workaround $* \circ 3 +$

Proper visual order in trains

normal code $(\alpha + \omega) * 3$

invalid train $+ * 3$

valid train $+ * 3 \ddot{~}$

Proper visual order in trains

normal code $(\alpha + \omega) * \div 3$

Proper visual order in trains

normal code $(\alpha + \omega) * \div 3$

invalid train $+ * \circ \div 3$

Proper visual order in trains

normal code $(\alpha + \omega) * \div 3$

invalid train $+ * \circ \div 3$

workaround $(\div 3) * \ddot{+}$

workaround $3 * \circ \div \ddot{+}$

Proper visual order in trains

normal code $(\alpha + \omega) * \div 3$

invalid train $+ * \circ \div 3$

valid train $+ * \circ \div 3 \ddot{~}$

valid train $+ * 1 \div 3 \ddot{~}$

Avoid ugly work-arounds

```
mask ← 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ♦ data ← 'AbcdEfg'
```

Avoid ugly work-arounds

```
mask←1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ♦ data←'AbcdEfg'
```

```
(mask/data)←' ' ♦ data  
bcd fg
```

Avoid ugly work-arounds

```
mask←1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ♦ data←'AbcdEfg'  
' ' @ {mask} data
```

```
 bcd fg
```

```
(mask/data)←' ' ♦ data
```

```
 bcd fg
```

Avoid ugly work-arounds

```
mask←1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ♦ data←'AbcdEfg'
```

```
' ' @ {mask} data
```

```
bcdfg
```

```
mask { ' ' @ {α} ω } data
```

Avoid ugly work-arounds

```
mask←1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ♦ data←'AbcdEfg'  
' ' @ {mask} data
```

bcdfg

```
mask { ' ' @ {α} ω } data
```

VALUE ERROR

```
mask { ' ' @ {α} ω } data  
      ^
```

Avoid ugly work-arounds

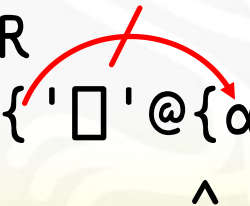
```
mask ← 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ♦ data ← 'AbcdEfg'  
' ' @ {mask} data
```

bcdfg

```
mask { ' ' @ {α} ω } data
```

VALUE ERROR

```
mask { ' ' @ {α} ω } data  
      ^
```



Avoid ugly work-arounds

```
mask←1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ♦ data←'AbcdEfg'  
' ' @ {mask} data
```

```
 bcd fg
```

```
mask { ' ' @ (α~) ω } data
```

```
 bcd fg
```


Enough, give it to me already!

Enough, give it to me already!

Constant $\leftarrow \{\alpha\alpha\}$

New

<code>□C</code>	Case convert
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<code>fög</code>	Atop
<code>≠Y</code>	Unique mask
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Improved

<code>□JSON: 'HighRank'</code>
<code>□JSON: 'Dialect'</code>
<code>□R/□S: 'Regex'</code>
<code>□INPUT: 'NEOL'</code>
<code>⌊Y</code>
<code>X<Y</code>
<code>↑[k]Y</code>

Date & time

Date-time

Timestamp

Time number

Military time zone

Timestamp

year month day... ms

2020 6 11 16 0 0 0

year week weekday... μ s

2020 24 4 16 0 0 0

□TS

Timestamp

year month day... ms

2020 6 11 16 0 0 0

← BST —

□ TS

year week weekday... μs

2020 24 4 16 0 0 0

Time number

days since 1899-12-31 00:00

43992.70833

← BST

seconds since 1970-01-01 00:00

1591894800

'Y' UTC-12

⋮

'P' UTC-3

'O' UTC-2

'N' UTC-1

'Z' UTC

'A' UTC+1

'B' UTC+2

'C' UTC+3

⋮

'M' UTC+12

Military time zone

'J' local

'Y' UTC-12

⋮

'P' UTC-3

'O' UTC-2

'N' UTC-1

'Z' UTC

'A' UTC+1

'B' UTC+2

'C' UTC+3

⋮

'M' UTC+12

Military time zone

←BST→

'J' local





Time numbers

- 1 Dyalog day number
- 2 Dyalog component file
- 10 J nanoseconds
- 11 Shakti K milliseconds
- 12 JavaScript/D/Q ms
- 13 R chron format
- 20 Unix time
- 30 MS-DOS date/time
- 31 MS-Win32 FILETIME

et cetera ad abundantiam

Timestamps

- 1 **□TS**-style: year month... ms
- 2 Like **□TS** but μ s replacing ms
- 3 Like **□TS** but ns replacing ms
- 10 ISO year day hour min sec μ s
- 11 ISO year week weekday... μ s
etc.

□DT syntax

Conversion

```
outCode □DT dateTimes  
inCode outCode □DT dateTimes
```

Validation

```
0 □DT dateTimes  
inCode 0 □DT dateTimes
```

□DT syntax: one-element left argument

Conversion: □TS-style timestamp to Unix time

20 □DT < 2020 06 11 16 00 00 000
1591891200

Validation: Leap year check

0 □DT < 1900 02 29
0

□DT syntax: one-element left argument

Conversion: Current □TS-style UTC time

-1 □DT 'Z'
2020 6 11 16 00 0

What time zone am I in?

$3600 \div \sim - / 20$ □DT 'JZ'

1

□DT syntax: one-element left argument

Conversion: Current □TS-style UTC time

-1 □DT 'Z'
2020 6 11 16 00 0

What time zone am I in?

$3600 \div \sim - / 20$ □DT 'JZ'

1 ← BST=UTC+1

□DT syntax: two-element left argument

Conversion: Unix time to □TS-style timestamp

20 -1 □DT 1591891200
2020 6 11 16 0 0 0

Validation: Leap year check

60 0 □DT 19000229
0

1200I syntax

Format one or more date-times

```
format (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers
```

1200I syntax

Format one or more date-times

```
format (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers
```

```
format (1200I) code 1 □DT dateTimes
```

1200I syntax

Format one or more date-times

```
format (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers
```

```
format (1200I) code 1 [DT] dateTimes
```



1200I syntax

Format one or more date-times

```
format (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers
```

```
format (1200I) code 1 [DT] dateTimes
```





11, 2006 in MDI, and "2010 November 6" in TMD.

The [ISO 8601](#) format YYYY-MM-DD (2020-06-04) is intended to harmonize these formats and ensure accuracy in all situations. Many countries have adopted it as their sole official date format, though even in these areas writers may adopt abbreviated formats that are no longer recommended.

Table coding [[edit source](#)]

Basic components of a calendar date for the most common calendar systems:

Y – year

M – month

D – day

Specific formats for the basic components:

yy – two-digit year, *e.g.* 06

yyyy – four-digit year, *e.g.* 2006

m – one-digit month for months below 10, *e.g.* 4

mm – two-digit month, *e.g.* 04

mmm – three-letter abbreviation for month, *e.g.* *Apr*

mmmm – month spelled out in full, *e.g.* *April*

d – one-digit day of the month for days below 10, *e.g.* 2

dd – two-digit day of the month, *e.g.* 02

1200I syntax

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyaLogDateNumbers

1200I syntax: patterns

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyaLogDateNumbers

1200I syntax: patterns

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

'M'

'6'

'MM'

'06'

'MMM'

'JUN'

'MMMM'

'JUNE'

1200I syntax: numbers

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

'M'	'6'
'MM'	'06'
'_M'	' 6'

1200I syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dIALOGDateNumbers

'MMMM'

'__en__MMMM'

'__ru__MMMM'

'__fr__MMMM'

'JUNE'

'JUNE'

'ИЮНЬ'

'JUN'

1200I syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

'mmmm'	'june'
'Mmmm'	'June'
'MMMM'	'JUNE'

1200I syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

__en__ __fr__

'mmmm'	'june'	'juin'
'Mmmm'	'June'	'Juin'
'MMMM'	'JUNE'	'JUIN'

1200I syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

	__en__	__fr__
'_mmm'	'June'	'juin'
'mmmm'	'june'	'juin'
'Mmmm'	'June'	'Juin'
'MMMM'	'JUNE'	'JUN'

1200I syntax: ordinals

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

	__en__	__fr__
'D'	'1'	'1'
'Doo'	'1st'	'1er'
'DD'	'11'	'11'
'DDoo'	'11th'	'11'

1200I syntax: ordinals

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

	__en__	__da__
'D'	'1'	'1'
'Doo'	'1st'	'1.'
'DD'	'11'	'11'
'DDoo'	'11th'	'11.'

1200I syntax: 12/24 hours

Format one or more date-times

`'hh:mm' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers`

<code>'h'</code>	<code>'16'</code>
<code>'t'</code>	<code>'4'</code>
<code>'t pp'</code>	<code>'4 pm'</code>
<code>'tPP'</code>	<code>'4PM'</code>

1200**I** examples

```
'DDoo Mmmm YYYY "at" hh:mm:ss.fff'
```

```
11th June 2020 at 16:00:00.000
```

```
'__da__Dddd, D. mmmm "' ' "YY'
```

```
Torsdag, 11. juni '20
```

```
'%ISO%'
```

```
2020-06-11T16:00:00
```

New

<code>□C</code>	Case convert
<code>fög</code>	Over
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<code>X<Y</code>
<code>↑[k]Y</code>

Questions?

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<code><u>l</u>Y</code>	
<code>X<Y</code>	
<code>↑[k]Y</code>	

Thinking in APL: Array-Oriented Solutions

Richard Park



Part 1
June 25, 2020