

# User-Defined Operators

Adám Brudzewsky



# Overview

Why?

What?

How?

Examples



# Why define your own operators?

Apply multiple functions in similar ways

Add a parameter to tweak behaviour

Achieve nicer looking expressions

Amend primitives to your needs

Avoid repeating yourself



# Why define your own operators?

Apply multiple functions in similar ways

Add a parameter to tweak behaviour

Achieve nicer looking expressions

Amend primitives to your needs

Avoid repeating yourself

... in ways that isn't part of the core language



# What is an operator?

MONADIC  
OPERATOR

F /

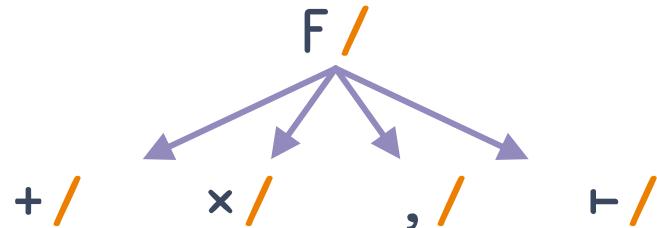
DYADIC  
OPERATOR

F . G

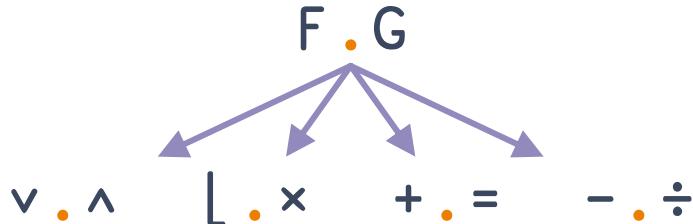


# What is an operator?

MONADIC  
OPERATOR

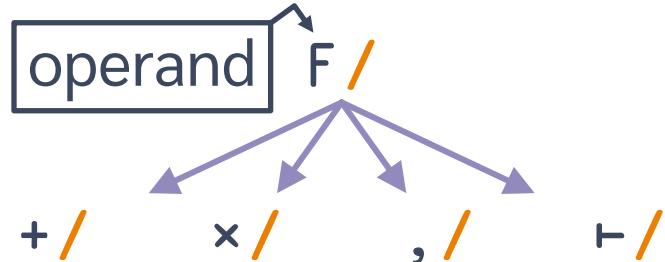


DYADIC  
OPERATOR

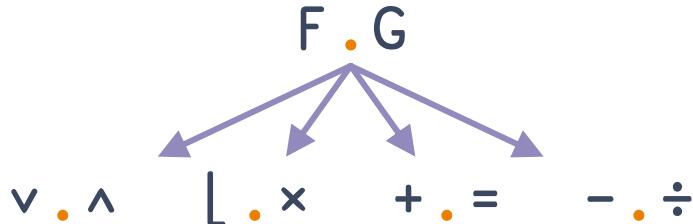


# What is an operator?

MONADIC  
OPERATOR



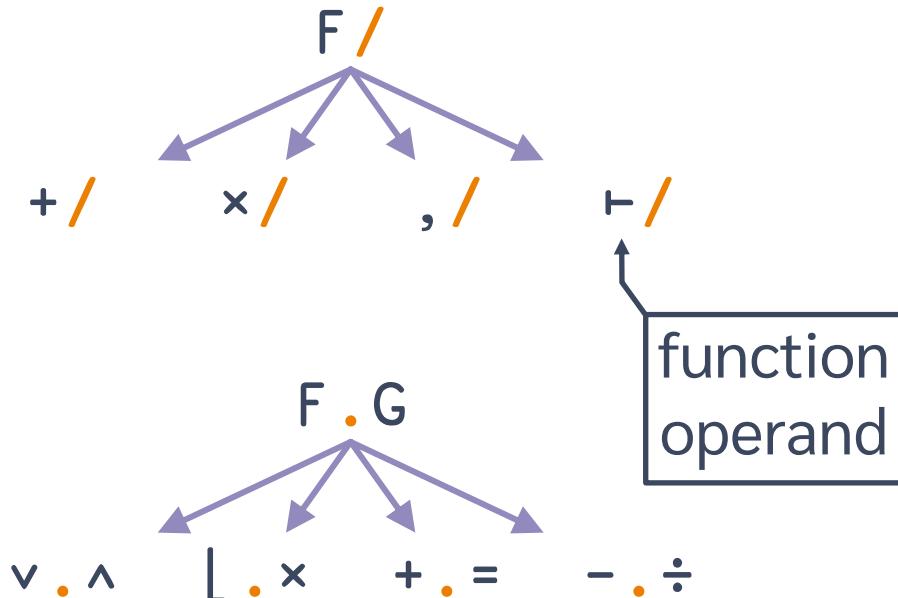
DYADIC  
OPERATOR



# What is an operator?

MONADIC  
OPERATOR

DYADIC  
OPERATOR



# What is an operator?

MONADIC  
OPERATOR

DYADIC  
OPERATOR

 $+ /$  $\times \ddot{\wedge}$  $,$  $\backslash$  $\vee . ^$  $L @ x$  $+ \ddot{*} =$  $- \ddot{o} \div$ 

function  
operand



# What is an operator?

MONADIC  
OPERATOR

DYADIC  
OPERATOR

42 $\diamond$

1200 $I$

array  
operand

$- \boxtimes 3$

$1 \circ +$

'Hi'  $\square R$  'Hello'



# What is an operator?

derived  
functions

MONADIC  
OPERATOR

42 $\diamond$  1200Π

DYADIC  
OPERATOR

-⊗3 1 o +

'Hi' OR 'Hello'



# What is an operator?

derived  
functions

MONADIC  
OPERATOR

```
Answer ← 42∞  
Format ← 1200I
```

DYADIC  
OPERATOR

```
Replace ← 'Hi' Ⓛ 'Hello'  
Increment ← 1 Ⓜ +  
Windows ← ← Ⓛ 3
```



# What is an operator?

derived  
functions

MONADIC  
OPERATOR

```
Answer ← 42∞  
Format ← 1200Π
```

A ambivalent  
A dyadic

DYADIC  
OPERATOR

```
Replace ← 'Hi' ⊗R 'Hello'  
Increment ← 1 ○+  
Windows ← ←□3
```

A ambivalent  
A monadic  
A monadic



# What is an operator?

MONADIC  
OPERATOR

DYADIC  
OPERATOR

```
Answer ← 42
```

```
Format ← 1200I
```

```
Replace ← 'Hi'ZR'Hello'
```

```
Increment ← 1o+
```

```
Windows ← ←3
```

derived  
functions

A ambivalent

'a' Answer 'b'

42

Answer 'b'

42

A monadic

A monadic



# What is an operator?

derived  
functions

MONADIC  
OPERATOR

Answer  $\leftarrow 42\text{?}$

Format  $\leftarrow 1200\text{I}$

Format 123

SYNTAX ERROR: The function requires a left argument

Format 123

^

Increment  $\leftarrow 1\text{+}$

Windows  $\leftarrow \text{+}\square 3$

A ambivalent  
A dyadic

M monadic  
A monadic



# What is an operator?

derived  
functions

4 Increment 2

SYNTAX ERROR: The function does not take a left argument

4 Increment 2

^

DYADIC  
OPERATOR

Replace ← 'Hi' ⌈ R 'Hello' A ambivalent

Increment ← 1 ○ + A monadic

Windows ← ← ⌈ 3 A monadic



# What is an operator?

OPERATOR

FUNCTION

Γ deriving a → monadic dyadic ambivalent

monadic + \ 1 2 00 ⊜ 42 ∘

dyadic ⊤ ◊ 3 + . × , ∘ 2



# How are they defined/identified?

TRADFN

Calling syntax in header

```
▽ res←x Name y  
      res←x y
```

▽

DFN

Presence of  $\alpha$  and  $\omega$  in body

```
Name←{  
      α ω  
}
```

*dyadic function*



# How are they defined/identified?

TRADOP

Calling syntax in header

▽ `res←(F Name)y`  
`res←F y`

▽

DOP

Presence of  $\alpha\alpha$  or  $\omega\omega$  in body

`Name←{`  
 $\alpha\alpha \ \omega$   
`}`

*monadic operator deriving a monadic function*



# How are they defined/identified?

TRADOP

Calling syntax in header

▽ `res←x(F Name)y`  
`res←x F y`

▽

DOP

Presence of  $\alpha\alpha$  or  $\omega\omega$  in body

`Name←{`  
 $\alpha \alpha\alpha \omega$   
`}`

*monadic operator deriving a dyadic function*



# How are they defined/identified?

TRADOP

Calling syntax in header

▽  $\text{res} \leftarrow x(F \text{ Name } G)y$   
 $\text{res} \leftarrow x \ F \ G \ y$

▽

DOP

Presence of  $\alpha\alpha$  or  $\omega\omega$  in body

Name $\leftarrow \{$   
 $\alpha \ \alpha\alpha \ \omega\omega \ \omega$   
}

*dyadic operator deriving a dyadic function*



# How are they defined/identified?

TRADOP

Calling syntax in header

▽ `res←(F Name G)y`  
`res←F G y`

▽

DOP

Presence of  $\alpha\alpha$  or  $\omega\omega$  in body

`Name←{`  
 $\alpha\alpha \ \omega\omega \ \omega$   
`}`

*dyadic operator deriving a monadic function*



Apply multiple functions in similar ways

Add a parameter to tweak behaviour

Achieve nicer looking expressions

Amend primitives to your needs

Avoid repeating yourself



# Demo: utilities

```
_S←{α↔↑ω(α αα ω)} A Stack
```

```
Vowel←ε∘'AEIOU'
```

```
Vowel _S □A
```

```
'AEIOU' i _S□A
```

```
_T←{α↔r←α αα ω ◊ □←α(62□ATX 'αα')ω '→'r ◊ r} A Trace
```

```
-_T/3 1 4 1 5
```



# Demo: combinator/compositions

```
A_←{α(ωω αα ωω⍨)ω} A Across  
'HELLO' u_A_~ 'APL'
```

```
_H_←{(αα ω)ωω ω} A Hook  
∅_H_≡'''hello' 'racecar' 'APL' 'ABBA' 'max'  
∅_H_≡''_S'hello' 'racecar' 'APL' 'ABBA' 'max'  
∅_H_≡''_H_/'hello' 'racecar' 'APL' 'ABBA' 'max'
```



# Demo: thought concepts

```
a param Fn _W_ Cond initArg  
_W_←{α←↑ ◊ ωω ω:α ∇ α αα ω ◊ ω} a While  
2×_W_{ω<100}4  
2×_T _W_{ω<100}4  
  
_E_←{α←↑ ◊ 0::α ωω ω ◊ α αα ω} a ErrorElse  
  
_0←{r←ω ◊ (εr)←αα''εr ◊ r} a Depth 0  
(×/_)_0 4 5(2 3)
```



# Next Webinar

**June 23:** TBA

**Remember:** BAA webinars every other week  
[britishaplassociation.org/webinar-schedule-2022](http://britishaplassociation.org/webinar-schedule-2022)  
June 16<sup>th</sup>, 30<sup>th</sup>; July 14<sup>th</sup>, 28<sup>th</sup>; etc.

**More at:** [apl.wiki/activities](http://apl.wiki/activities)

